

**INTERGLOBO NORTH AMERICA INC.**2 COLONY ROAD JERSEY CITY, NJ 07305
TEL: 201-526 6400 FAX: 201-604 0340**FMC#020497****BILL OF LADING**

FOR COMBINED TRANSPORT OR PORT-TO-PORT SHIPMENT

Shipper FRUTICOLA OLMUÉ PERÚ SAC JR. MONTE ROSA NRO. 270 INT. 502 URB. CHACARILLA DEL ESTANQUE LIMA - LIMA - SANTIAGO DE SURCO RUC: 20610343377		B/L No. 9819230
		Export References EBKG12371687 OUR REF.9819230 PO: POC000232R
		Forwarding Agent INTERGLOBO USA INC 2, COLONY ROAD 07305 JERSEY CITY (NJ) - , US TEL: +1 201-526-6400 FAX: +1 201-432-3050
Consignee Superior Foods International LLC 275 Westgate Drive Watsonville, CA 95076 US		Point and Country of Origin (for the Merchant's reference only)
Notify Party Maersk Customs Services USA, Inc. 395 Oyster Point Blvd., South San Francisco, CA 94080 US EMAIL:mcsiussfo@maersk.com		Also Notify Party (complete name and address) Superior Foods International LLC 275 Westgate Drive Watsonville, CA 95076 US
Pre Carriage by	Place of Receipt	For delivery of goods apply to: INTERGLOBO USA INC 2, COLONY ROAD 07305 JERSEY CITY (NJ) - , US TEL: +1 201-526-6400 FAX: +1 201-432-3050
Ocean Vessel MSC VIDISHA R V. NN510A	Port of Loading PAITA, PERU	
Port of Discharge LOS ANGELES (CA), USA	Place of Delivery	

Container No.	Seal / Marks & Numbers	Quantity and Kind of Packages	Description of Goods	Weight / Measurements
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MSDU 904066/3 SEAL: 003PL036879 SEAL: FJ22524035		1 x CT 40' REEFER H.C. S.T.C.:		19270 KG
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1333 CARTON (S) OF IQF ORGANIC MANGO IN CHUNKS
1333 CAJAS
18142,13 KN IQF ORGANIC MANGO IN CHUNKS IN 1333 CASES
1x13,61kg.
15 PALLETS
PO OUAF : POC000232R
PO SFI : 105385
LOT 25 002 PFO / LOT 24 362 PFO
FDA 17573601282
TEMPERATURA -20
"Certified Organic by Mayacert"
MBL MEDUP3855558

FREIGHT COLLECT
1333 BOXES

19270 KG

The goods and instructions are accepted and dealt with subject to the Standard Conditions printed overleaf.
Taken in charge in apparent good order and conditions, unless otherwise noted herein, at the place of receipt for transport and delivery as mentioned above. One of these Combined Transport Bill of Lading must be surrendered duly endorsed in exchange for the goods. In Witness where of the original Combined Transport Bills of Lading all of this tenor and date have been signed in the number stated below, one of which being accomplished the other(s) to be void.

Freight amount	Freight Payable at DESTINATION COLLECT	Place and date of issue PAITA, 04/19/2025
	No. Of original BL's EXPRESS RELEASE	Stamp and signature
	Cargo insurance through the undersigned <input type="checkbox"/> not covered <input type="checkbox"/> covered according to attached Policy	

COMBINED TRANSPORT BILL OF LADING

Notwithstanding the heading "combine Transport Bill of Lading," the provisions set out and referred to in this document shall also apply if the transport as described on the face of the Bill of Lading is performed by one mode of transport only. These provisions constitute a contract between Merchant and Carrier.

(1) CLAUSE PARAMOUNT:

All damage under this bill of lading to or from the United States shall have effect subject to the provisions of the Carriage of Goods by Sea Act of the United States, 46 U.S.C. sections 1300-1315 (hereafter, "COGSA"), Carriage to or from Canada shall have effect under the Carriage of Goods by Water Act of Canada ("COGWA"). All carriage to and from other States shall be governed by the law of any state making the Hague Rules or Hague-Visby Rules compulsorily applicable to this Bill of Lading or if there be no such law. In accordance with the Hague Rules. The provisions of applicable law as set forth above shall apply to carriage of goods by inland waterways and reference to carriage by sea in such Rules or legislation shall be deemed to include reference to inland waterways. Except as may be otherwise specifically provided herein, said law shall govern before the goods are loaded on and after they are discharged from the vessel whether the goods are carried on deck or under deck and throughout the entire time the goods are in the custody of Carrier.

(2) DEFINITIONS:

1. "Ship" means the vessel named in this Bill of Lading, or any conveyance owned, chartered, or operated by Carrier or used by Carrier for the performance of this contract.
2. "Carrier" means Interlogo North America Inc., on whose behalf this Bill of Lading has been signed.
- 2.3 "Merchant" includes the Shipper, the Receiver, the Consignor, the Holder of this Bill of Lading and any person having a present or future interest in the Goods or any person acting on behalf of any of the above-mentioned persons.
- 2.4 "Package" is the largest individual unit of partially or completely covered or contained cargo made up by or for the Shipper which is delivered and entrusted to Carrier, including palletized units and each container stuffed and sealed by the Shipper or on its behalf, although the Shipper may have furnished a description of the contents of such sealed container on this bill of lading.
- 2.5 "Container" includes any container, trailer, transportable tank, lift van, flat, pallet, or any similar article of transport used to consolidate goods.
- 2.6 "Carrier's container or carrier's equipment" includes containers or equipment owned, leased or used by Carrier in the transportation of Merchant's goods.
- 2.7 "Goods" mean the cargo described on the face of this Bill of Lading and, if the cargo is packed into container (s) supplied or furnished by or on behalf of the Merchant, include the container (s) as well.

(3) SUBCONTRACTING:

Carrier shall be entitled to subcontract directly or indirectly on any terms the whole or any part of the handling, storage, or carriage of the goods and all duties undertaken by Carrier in relation to the goods. Every servant, agent, subcontractor (including sub-subcontractors), or other person whose services have been used to perform this contract shall be entitled to the rights, exemptions from, or limitations of liability, defenses and immunities set forth herein. For these purposes, Carrier shall be deemed to be acting as agent or trustee for such servants, agents, subcontractors, or other persons who shall be deemed to be parties to this contract.

(4) ROUTE OF TRANSPORT:

Carrier is entitled to perform the transport in any reasonable manner and by any reasonable means, methods and routes. The Ship shall have the liberty, either with or without the goods on board, to at any time, adjust navigational instruments, make trial trips, dry dock, go to repair yards, shift berths, take in fuel or stores, embark or disembark any persons, carry contraband and hazardous goods, sail with or without pilots and save or attempt to save life or property. Delays resulting from such activities shall not be deemed a deviation.

(5) HINDRANCES AFFECTING PERFORMANCE

- 5.1 Carrier shall use reasonable endeavors to complete transport and deliver the goods at the place designated for delivery.
- 5.2 If at any time the performance of the contract as evidenced by this Bill of Lading in the opinion of the Carrier is or will be affected by any hindrance, risk, delay, injury, difficulty or disadvantage of any kind, including without limitation strike, bankruptcy, financial default, liquidation and the like, of Carrier's subcontractors, including without limitation the ocean carrier transporting the Goods, and if by virtue of the above it has rendered or is likely to render it in any way unsafe, impracticable, unwise or against the interest of Carrier to complete the performance of the contract, Carrier, whether or not the transport is commenced, may without notice to Merchant and in Carrier's sole discretion, elect to: (a) treat the performance of this contract as terminated and place the Goods at Merchant's disposal at any place Carrier shall deem safe and convenient, or (b) deliver the Goods at the place of delivery. In any event, Carrier shall be entitled to, and Merchant shall pay, full freight for any Goods received for transportation and additional compensation for extra costs and expenses resulting from the circumstances referred to above. In no case whatsoever, shall Carrier be liable for any loss/damage/expense/costs/charges/fees arising from the Carrier's subcontractor's breach of contract of transportation, including but not limited to termination of voyage and/or delay in performing the intended voyage due to any of the aforementioned reasons.
- 5.3 If, after storage, discharge, or in any actions according to sub-part 5.2 above Carrier makes arrangements to store and/or forward the goods, it is agreed that he shall do so only as agent for and at the sole risk and expense of Merchant without any liability whatsoever in respect of such agency.
- 5.4 Carrier in addition to all other liberties provided for in this Article, shall have liberty to comply with orders, directions, regulations or suggestions as to navigation or the carriage or handling of the goods or the ship however given, by any actual or purported government or public authority, or by any committee or person having under the terms of any insurance on the Ship, the right to give such order, direction, regulation, or suggestion. If by reason of and/or in compliance with any such order, direction, regulation, or suggestion, anything is done or is not done the same shall be deemed to be included within the contract of carriage and shall not be a deviation.

(6) BASIC LIABILITY:

- 6.1 Carrier shall be liable for loss of or damage to the goods occurring between the time when it takes goods into its custody and the time of delivery but shall not be liable for any consequential or special damages arising from such loss or damage.
- 6.2 If it is established that the loss of or damage to the goods occurred during sea carriage or during carriage by land in the United States, liability shall be governed by the legal rules applicable as provide in Section 1 of this Bill of Lading.
- 6.3 Notwithstanding Section 1 of this Bill of Lading, if the loss or damage occurred outside of the United States not during sea carriage and it can be proved where the loss or damage occurred, the liability of Carrier in respect of such loss or damage shall be determined by the provisions contained in any international convention or national law, which provisions:
 - (a) cannot be departed from by private contract to the detriment of Merchant, and
 - (b) would have applied if Merchant had made a separate direct contract with Carrier in respect of the particular stage of transport where the loss or damage occurred and received as evidence thereof any particular document which must be issued in order to make such international convention or national law applicable;
 - (c) where (a) or (b) above do not apply, any liability of Carrier shall be limited to the amount provided in accordance with Section 7.1 of this Bill of Lading.
- 6.4 If it cannot be determined when the loss of or damage to the goods occurred, liability shall be governed as provided in Section 6.2 above.
- 6.5 Carrier does not undertake that the goods shall be delivered at any particular time or lot any particular market and shall not be liable for and direct or indirect losses by any delay.
- 6.6 Carrier shall not be liable for any loss or damage arising from:
 - (a) an act or omission of Merchant or person other than Carrier acting on Merchant from whom Carrier took the goods in charges,
 - (b) compliance with the instructions of any person authorized to give them,
 - (c) handling, loading, stowage or unloading of the goods by or on behalf of Merchant,
 - (d) inherent vice of goods,
 - (e) insufficiency or inadequacy of marks or numbers on the goods, coverings or unit loads,
 - (f) fire, unless caused by actual fault or privity of Carrier,
 - (g) any cause or event which carrier could not avoid and the consequences of which he could not prevent by the exercise of due diligence.
- 6.7 When Carrier pays claims to Merchant, Carrier shall automatically be subrogated to all rights of Merchant against all others, including inland carriers, on account of the losses or damages for which claims are paid.
- 6.8 The defenses and limits of liability provided for in this Bill of Lading shall apply in any action or claim against Carrier relating to the goods, or the receipt, transportation, storage of delivery thereof, whether the action be founded in contract, tort or otherwise.

(7) COMPENSATION FOR LOSS AND DAMAGE:

- 7.1 Unless otherwise mandated by compulsorily applicable law, Carrier's liability for compensation for loss of or damage to goods shall in no case exceed the amount of US\$500 per package or per customary freight unit, unless Merchant, with the consent of Carrier, has declared a higher value for the goods in the space provided on the front of this Bill of Lading and paid extra freight per Carrier's tariff, in which case such higher value shall be the limit of Carrier's liability. Any partial loss of damage shall be adjusted pro rata on the basis of such declared value. Where a container is stuffed by Shipper or on its behalf and the container is sealed when received by Carrier for shipment, Carrier's liability will be limited to US\$500 with respect to the contents of each such container, except when the Shipper declares the value on the face hereof and pays additional charges on such declared value as stated in Carrier's tariff. The freight charged or sealed containers when no higher valuation is declared by the Shipper is based on a value of US\$500 per container. However, Carrier shall not, in any case, be liable for an amount greater than the actual loss to the person entitled to make the claim. Carrier shall have the option of replacing lost goods or repairing damaged goods.
- 7.2 In any case where Carrier's liability for compensation may exceed the amounts set forth in Section 7.1 above, compensation shall be calculated by reference to the value of the goods, according to their current market price, at the time and place they are delivered, or should have been delivered, in accordance with this contract.
- 7.3 If the value of the goods is less than US\$500 per package or per customary freight unit, their value for compensation purposes shall be deemed to be the invoice value, plus freight and insurance, if paid.
- 7.4 Carrier shall not be liable to any extent for any loss of or damage to or in connection with precious metals, stones, or chemicals, jewelry, currency, negotiable instruments, securities writings, documents, works of art, curias, heirlooms, or any other valuable goods. Including goods having particular value only for Merchant, unless the true nature and value of the goods have been declared in writing by Merchant before receipt of the goods by the Carrier or inland Carrier, the same is inserted on the face of this Bill of Lading and additional freight has been paid as required.
- 7.5 Carrier will not arrange for insurance on the goods except upon express instructions from the Consignor and then only at Consignor's expense and presentation of a declaration of value for insurance purposes prior to shipment.

(8) DESCRIPTION OF GOODS AND INFORMATION FOR U.S. CUSTOMS:

Carrier is responsible for transmitting information to government agencies prior to lading of the Goods including, without limitation, precise commodity descriptions, numbers and quantities of the lowest external packaging unit, the shipper's complete name and address, the consignee's or the owner's or owner's representative's complete name and address, hazardous materials codes, and container seal numbers. For this, and other purposes, Carrier relies on information provided by Merchant in a timely fashion. Merchant warrants to Carrier that all particulars of the goods, including, without limitation, the precise descriptions, marks, number, quantity, weight, seal numbers, identities of shipper and consignee and hazardous materials codes furnished by Merchant are correct and Merchant shall indemnify Carrier against all claims, penalties, losses or damages arising from any inaccuracy or lack of timely presentation of such information.

(9) CARRIER'S CONTAINERS:

If goods are received by Carrier not already packed in containers, Carrier may pack them in any type container. Merchant shall be liable to Carrier for damage to Carrier's containers or equipment if such damage occurs while such equipment is in control of Merchant or his agents. Merchant indemnifies Carrier for any damage or injury to persons or property caused by Carrier's containers or equipment during handling by or when in possession or control of Merchant.

(10) CONTAINER PACKED BY MERCHANT:

- If Carrier receives the goods already packed into containers.
- 1 This Bill of Lading is prima facie evidence of the receipt of the particular number of containers set forth, and that number only. Carrier accepts no responsibility with respect to the order and condition of the contents of the containers.
 - 2 Merchant warrants that this storage and seals of the containers are safe and proper and suitable for handling and carriage and indemnifies Carrier for any injury, loss or damage caused by breach of this warranty.
 - 3 Delivery shall be deemed as full and complete performance when the containers are delivered by Carrier with the seals intact; and
 - 4 Carrier has the right but not the obligation to open and inspect the containers at any time without notice to Merchant and expenses resulting from such inspections shall be borne by Merchant; and
 - 5 Merchant shall inspect containers before stuffing them and the use of the containers shall be prima facie evidence of their being sound and suitable for use.

(11) DANGEROUS GOODS:

- 11.1 Merchant may not tender goods of a dangerous nature without written application to Carrier and Carrier's acceptance of the same. In the application, Merchant must identify the nature of the goods with reasonable specificity as well as the names and addresses of the shippers and consignees.
- 11.2 Merchant shall distinctly and permanently mark the nature of the goods on the outside of the package and container in a form and manner as required by law and shall submit to Carrier or to the appropriate authorities and necessary documents required by law or by Carrier for the transportation of such goods.
- 11.3 If the goods subsequently, in the judgment of Carrier, become a danger to carrier, the ship, or other Cargo, Carrier may dispose of the goods without compensation to Merchant and Merchant shall indemnify Carrier for any loss or expenses arising from such action.

(12) DECK CARGO:

Carrier has the right to carry the goods in any container under deck or on deck. Carrier is not required to note "on deck stowage" on the face of this Bill of lading and goods so carried shall constitute under deck stowed for all purposes including General Average. Except as otherwise provided by any law applicable to this contract, if this Bill of Lading states that the cargo is stowed on deck, then Carrier shall not be liable for any non-delivery, misdelivery, delay or loss to goods carried on deck, whether or not caused by Carrier's negligence or the ship's unseaworthiness.

(13) HEAVY LIFT:

- 13.1 Single packages with a weight exceeding 2,240 pounds gross not presented to Carrier in enclosed containers must be declared in writing by Merchant before receipt of the packages by Carrier. The weight of such packages must be clearly and durably marked on the outside of the package in letters and figures not less than two inches high.
- 13.2 If Merchant fails to comply with the above provisions, Carrier shall not be liable for any loss of or damage to the goods, persons or property, and Merchant shall be liable for any loss of or damage to persons or property resulting from such failure and Merchant shall indemnify Carrier against any loss or liability suffered or incurred by Carrier as a result of Merchant's failure to comply with such laws or regulations.
- 13.3 Merchant agrees to comply with all laws or regulations concerning overweight containers and Merchant shall indemnify Carrier against any loss or liability suffered or incurred by Carrier as a result of Merchant's failure to comply with such laws or regulations.

(14) DELIVERY:

Carrier shall have the right of deliver the goods at any time at any place designated by Carrier within the commercial or geographic limits of the port of discharge or place of delivery shown in this Bill of Lading. Carrier's responsibility shall cease when delivery has been made to Merchant, any person authorized by Merchant to receive the goods, or in any manner or to any other person in accordance with the custom and usage of the port of discharge or place of delivery. If goods should remain in Carrier's custody after discharge from the ship and possession is not taken by Merchant, after notice, within the time allowed in Carrier's applicable tariff, the goods may be considered to have been delivered to Merchant or abandoned at Carrier's option, and may be disposed of or stored at Merchant expense.

(15) NOTICE OF CLAIM:

Written notice of claims for loss or damage to goods occurring presumed to have occurred while in the custody of Carrier must be given to Carrier at the port of discharge before or at the time of removal of the goods by one entitled to delivery. If such notice is not provided, removal shall be prima facie evidence of delivery in good condition by Carrier. If such loss or damage is not apparent, Carrier must be given written notice within 3 days of the delivery.

(16) FREIGHT AND CHARGES:

- 16.1 Freight may be calculated on the basis of the particulars of the goods furnished by Merchant, who shall be deemed to have guaranteed to Carrier the accuracy of the contents, weight, measure, or value as furnished by him at the time of receipt of the goods by the Carrier or inland Carrier, but Carrier for the purpose of ascertaining the actual particulars may at any time and at the risk and expense of Merchant, open the container or packages examine contents, weight, measure, and value of the goods. In case of incoherent declaration of the contents, weight, measure and or value of the goods, Merchant shall be liable for and bound to pay to Carrier: (a) the balance of freight between the freight charged and that which would have been due had the correct details been given, plus (b) expenses incurred in determining the correct details, plus (c) as liquidated and ascertained damages, an additional sum equal to the correct freight. Quotations as to fees, rates of duty, freight charges, insurance premiums or other charges given by Carrier to Merchant are for informational purposes only and are subject to change without notice and shall not under any circumstances be binding upon Carrier unless Carrier in writing specifically undertaken the handling of the transportation of the shipment at a specific rate and that rate is fixed in Carrier's Tariff.
- 16.2 Freight shall be deemed earned on receipt of goods by Carrier, the goods lost or not lost, whether the freight is required to be prepaid or collected at destination. Payment shall be in full and in cash without any offset, counterclaim, or deduction, in the currency named in this Bill of Lading, or another currency at Carrier's option. Interest at 1-1/2% per month shall run from the date when freight and charges are due. Payment of freight charge to a freight forwarder, broker or anyone other than directly to Carrier shall not be deemed payment to the Carrier. Merchant shall remain liable for all charges hereunder notwithstanding any extension of credit to the freight forwarder or broker by Carrier. Full freight shall be paid on damaged or unround goods. Returned checks shall be to a \$100 fee.
- 16.3 Merchant shall be liable for all dues, duties, lines, taxes and charges, including consular fees, levied on the goods. Merchant shall be liable for return freight and charges on the goods if they are refused export or import by any governmental authority. Merchant shall be liable for all demurrage or detention charges imposed on the goods or their containers by third parties.
- 16.4 The shipper, consignee, holder hereof, and owner of the goods, and their principals, shall be jointly and severally liable to Carrier for the payment of all freight and charges, including advances and shall, in any referral for collection of action for monies due to Carrier, upon recovery by Carrier, pay the expenses of collection and litigation, including reasonable attorneys' fees. This provision shall apply regardless of whether the front of this Bill of lading has been marked "prepaid" or "freight prepaid" so long as freight and charges remain unpaid.
- 16.5 The Shipper, consignee holder hereof, and owner of the goods, and their principals, shall jointly and severally indemnify Carrier for all claims, fines, penalties, damages, costs and other amounts which may be incurred or imposed upon Carrier by reason of any breach of any provisions of this Bill of Lading or of any statutory or regulatory requirements.

(17) LIEN:

Carrier shall have a general and continuing lien on the Goods, inclusive of any Container owned or leased by the Merchant and on all equipment and appendances thereto, as well as on any Charges due by any other person, and on any and all documents relating thereto (individually and collectively, the "Collateral"), which lien shall survive delivery or release of any Goods of the Merchant, for: any and all sums, monies, freight and charges due under this Bill of Lading or any other contract, invoice, agreement or undertaking to which the Merchant is or was a party or otherwise involved, including without limitation, General Average contributions, salvage and the cost of recovering such sums, inclusive of attorneys' fees (individually and collectively, the "Charges"). Carrier shall have said general and continuing lien on the Collateral and any and all property of the Merchant in Carrier's actual or constructive possession, custody or control or en route, for any and all Charges and monies owed to Carrier with regard to the shipment on which the lien is claimed, a prior shipment(s) and/or both. Such lien may be enforced by the Carrier by public or private sale upon 10 days written notice to the Merchant at the expense of the Merchant. The proceeds of such sale shall be used first to satisfy any and all outstanding Charges as well as the cost of recovery or collection including, without limitation, the value of Carrier's management time and effort; the balance, if any, shall be forwarded to the Merchant. The Merchant shall be liable for any and all deficiencies in the sale. The Merchant agrees to defend and hold the Carrier, and any subcontractors of the Carrier, their agents and servants, harmless from and against all liability, loss, damage or expense which may be sustained or incurred by the Carrier relative to the above and the Merchant agrees to submit to the jurisdiction of any court, tribunal or other body before whom the Carrier may be brought, whether said proceeding is of a civil or criminal nature.

(18) TIME BAR:

Carrier shall be discharge from all liability for loss of or damage to goods unless suit is brought within one (1) year after delivery of the goods or the date when the goods should have been delivered. Suit shall not be deemed barred against carrier until jurisdiction shall have been obtained over Carrier by service of summons. The time bar for overcharge claims shall be 36 months.

(19) JURISDICTION:

This contract is to be governed by the laws of New Jersey with the exception of its conflict of laws principles. All disputes arising from the shipment to which this Bill of lading pertains may be instituted in the three United States District Court for the District of New Jersey, which shall have exclusive jurisdiction and venue such disputes. Merchant and Carrier agree that they are each personally subject to the jurisdiction of that court.

(20) GENERAL AVERAGE:

- 20.1 General Average shall be adjusted at New York, or any other port at Carrier's option, according to the New York-Antwerp Rules of 1994. The General Average statement shall be prepared by adjusters appointed by Carrier.
- 20.2 In the event of accident, damage, danger or disaster after commencement of the voyage resulting from any cause whatsoever, whether due to negligence or not, for the consequence of which Carrier is not responsible by statute, contract or otherwise, Merchant shall contribute with Carrier Average to the payment of any sacrifice, loss or expense of a General Average nature that may be made or incurred, and shall pay salvage or special charges incurred in respect of the goods. If a salving vessel is owned or operated by Carrier, salvage shall be paid for as fully as of the salving vessel or vessels belonged to strangers.

(21) BOTH-TO-BLAME COLLISION CLAUSE:

If the ship comes into collision with another vessel as a result of negligence of the other vessel and any negligence or fault on the part of Carrier or its servants or subcontractors. Merchant shall indemnify Carrier against all loss or liability to the other or non-carrying vessel or her owners, insofar as such loss of, or damage to, or any claim whatsoever of Merchant paid or payable by the other or non-carrying vessel or her owners to Merchant and set-off, recouped or recovered by the other or non-carrying vessel or her owners as part of their claim against the carrying ship or her owners. This provision shall apply as well where the owners, operators or those in charge of any ship or ships or projects other than, or in addition to, the colliding ships or objects are at fault with respect to a collision or contract.

(22) CARRIER'S TARIFFS:

The goods carried under the Bill of lading are also subject to all the terms and conditions of tariff(s) published pursuant to the regulations of the United States Federal Maritime Commission or any other regulatory agency which governs a particular portion of the carriage and is incorporated herein as part of the terms and conditions of this Bill of Lading. Copies of Carrier's tariffs may be obtained from Carrier or its agents or from Carrier's website, the address of which is set forth in the U.S. Federal Maritime Commission's website at www.fmc.gov.

(23) PERISHABLE CARGO:

- 23.1 Goods of a perishable nature shall be carried in ordinary containers without special protection, services or other measures unless there is noted on the reverse side of this Bill of Lading that the goods will be carried in a refrigerated, heated, electrically ventilated or otherwise specially equipped container or are to receive special attention in any way. Carrier shall not be liable for any loss of or damage to goods in a special hold or container arising from latent defects, breakdown, or stoppage of the refrigeration, ventilation or heating machinery, insulation, ship's plant, or other such apparatus of the vessel or container, provided that Carrier shall be before or at the beginning of the transport exercise due diligence to maintain the special hold or container in an efficient state.
- 23.2 Merchant undertake not to tender for transportation any goods that require refrigeration without given written notice of their nature and the required temperature setting of the thermostatic controls before receipt of the goods by Carrier. In case of refrigerated containers packed by or on behalf of Merchant, Merchant warrants that the goods have been properly stowed in the container and that the thermostatic controls have been adequately set before receipt of the goods by Carrier.
- 23.3 Merchant's attention is drawn to the fact that refrigerated containers are not designed to freeze down cargo which has not been presented for stuffing at or below its designated carrying temperature. Carrier shall not be responsible for the consequences of cargo tendered at a higher temperature than that required for the transportation.

If the above requirements are not complied with, Carrier shall not be liable for any loss of or damage to the goods whatsoever.

(24) SEVERABILITY:

The terms of this Bill of Lading shall be severable, and, if any part or term hereof shall be held invalid, such holding shall not affect the validity or enforceability of any other part or term hereof.

(25) VARIATION OF THE CONTRACT:

No servant or agent of Carrier shall have power to waive or vary any of the terms hereof unless such variation is in writing and is specifically authorized or ratified in writing by Carrier.